FUSIONCLOCK: Energy-Optimal Clock-Tree Reconfigurations for Energy-Constrained Real-Time Systems

12th July 2023



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Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg Supported by the DFG under the grant WA 5186/1-1 (Watwa)















 embedded real-time systems: worst-case execution time (WCET), worst-case energy consumption (WCEC)





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FusionClock





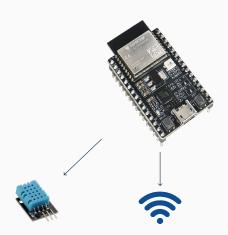
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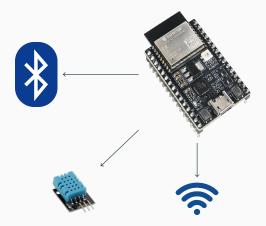
 \Rightarrow reduce energy consumption for longer battery life

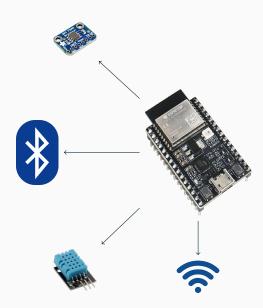
FusionClock

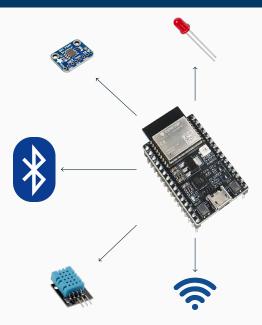


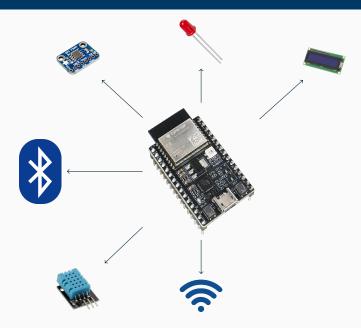


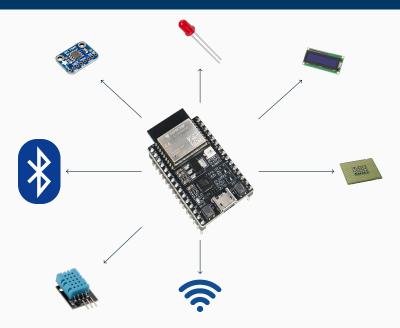


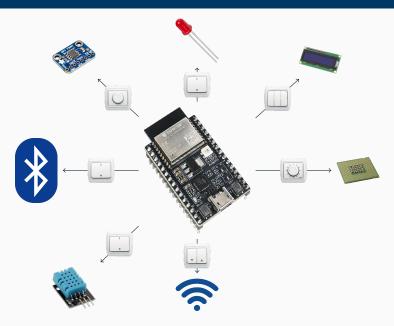


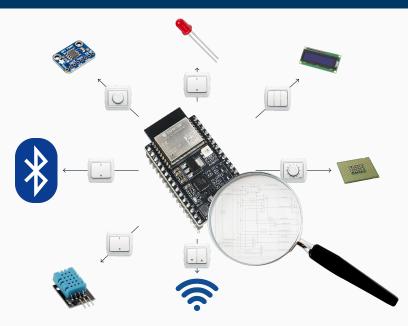




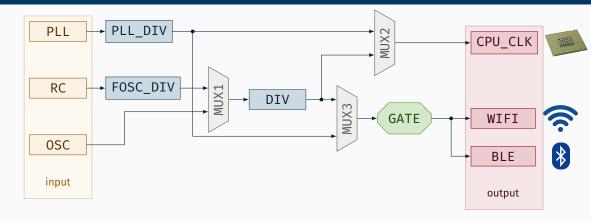




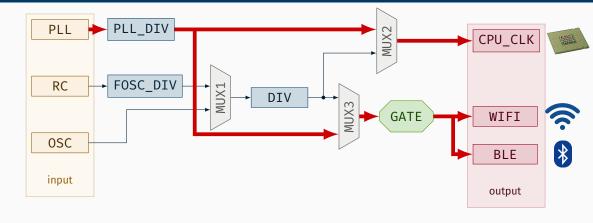




The Clock Tree

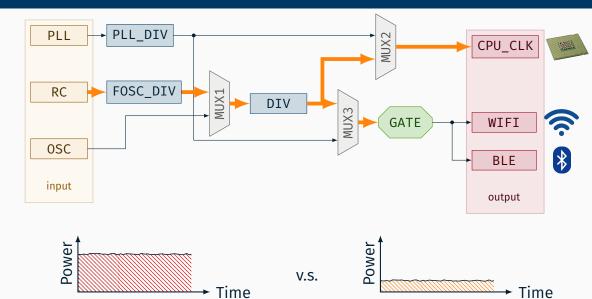


The Clock Tree





The Clock Tree



Problem Description

single-core platforms

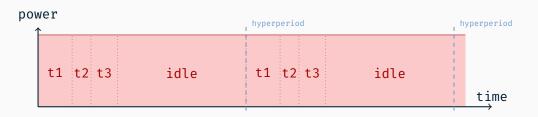
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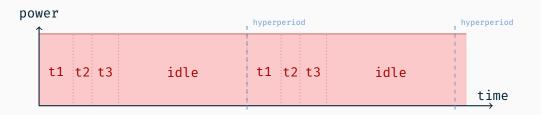
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 - including the **devices** of the system

System Model / Requirements for FusionClock

- single-core platforms
 - configurable via clock tree
- static and sound model of the system for WCET/WCEC analyses
 - including the **devices** of the system
- strictly periodic, cyclic task model
 - time-triggered schedule

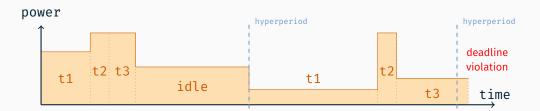


all-always-on approach



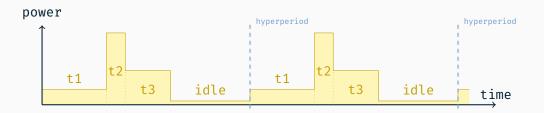
all-always-on approach

× minimzation of energy consumption



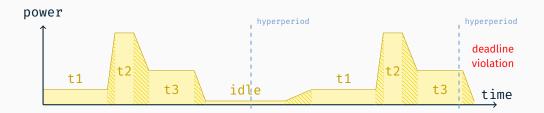
feedback-based approach: reconfigurations during execution

- minimzation of energy consumption
- × real-time guarantees



static approach: analysis before execution

- minimzation of energy consumption
- real-time guarantees



static approach without reconfiguration penalties

- minimzation of energy consumption
- × real-time guarantees
- × consideration of reconfiguration costs

Problems

- 1. CPU-only approaches...
 - neglect energy consumption of devices
 - ignore dependencies of devices and clock-tree configurations
- 2. **no guarantees** of feedback-based approaches
- 3. missing reconfiguration penalties

Concept of FUSIONCLOCK



static approach with reconfiguration penalties

- √ minimzation of energy consumption
- ✓ real-time guarantees
- √ consideration of reconfiguration costs

The FusionClock Approach

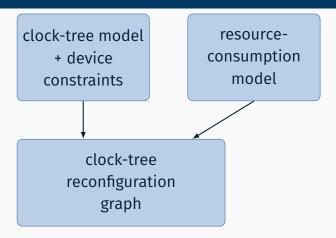
Overview over the FusionClock Approach

clock-tree model + device constraints

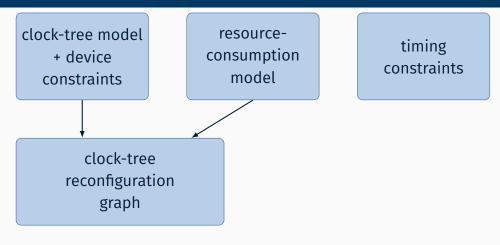
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clock-tree model + device constraints resourceconsumption model

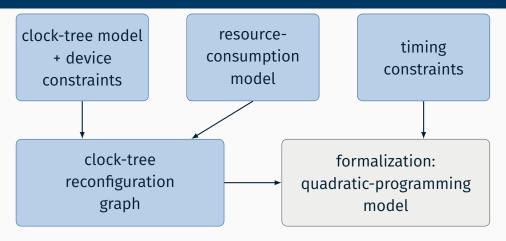
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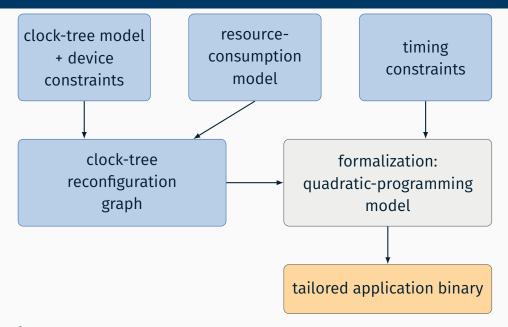
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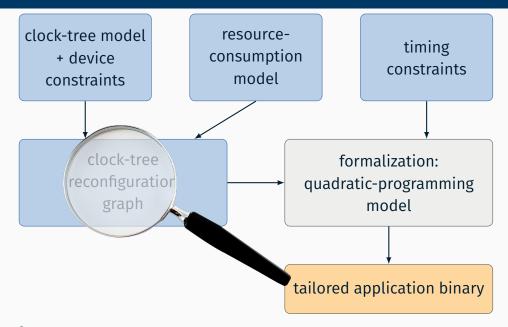
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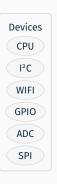


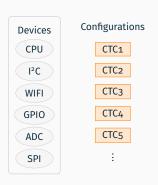
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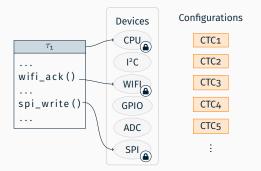


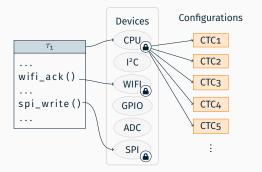
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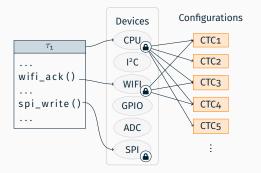


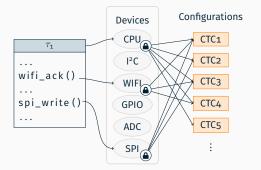


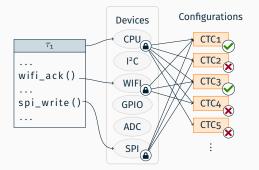


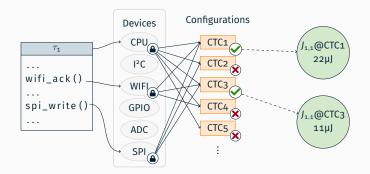


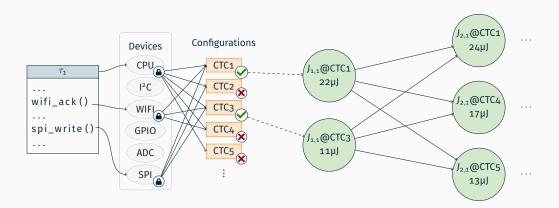


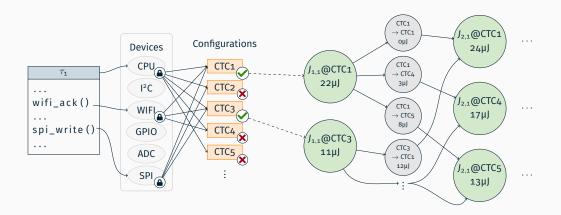


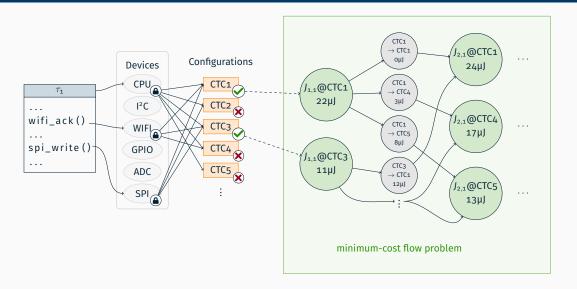


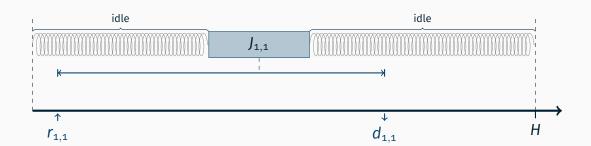


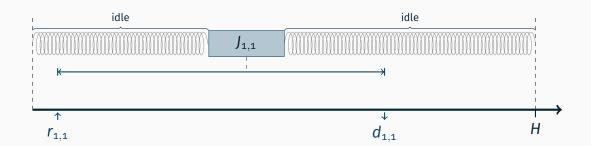


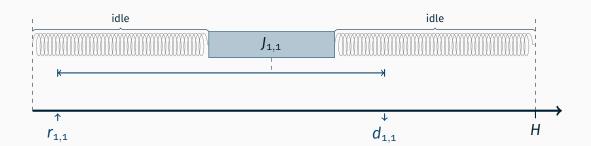


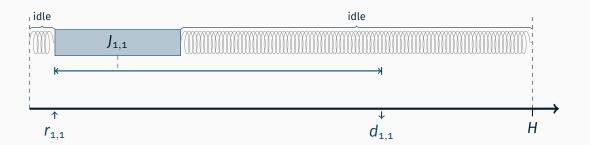


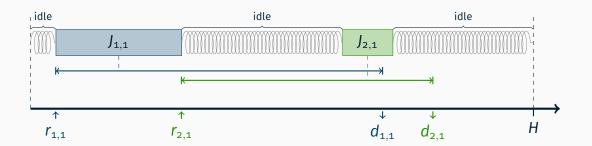


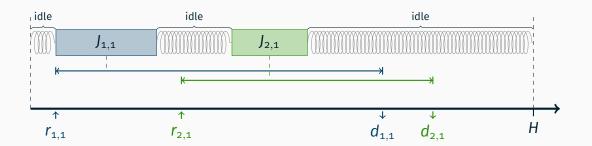


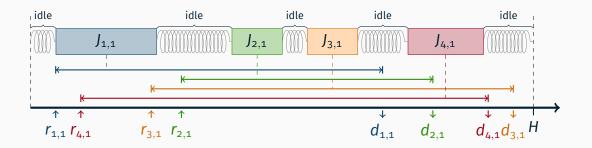


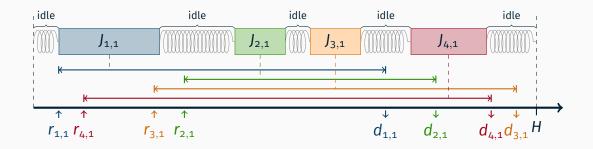












Distributing the slack:

- reconfiguration penalties
- idling: start times, durations, and configurations

Formalization

min energy costs of jobs and idling options

+ energy penalty for reconfiguration

w.r.t.

constraints in the clock-tree reconfiguration graph all times sum up to hyperperiod each job starts at or after its release time each job finishes before or at its deadline

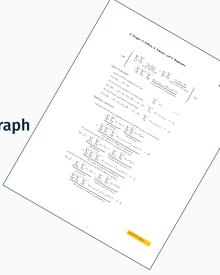
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Evaluation

Evaluation Hardware





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while(true) {
    fibonacci_calculation();
    idle(until=hyperperiod.end);
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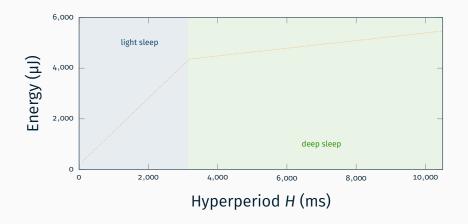
- 5 CTCs: which one is used for the compute task?
- 3 idle options

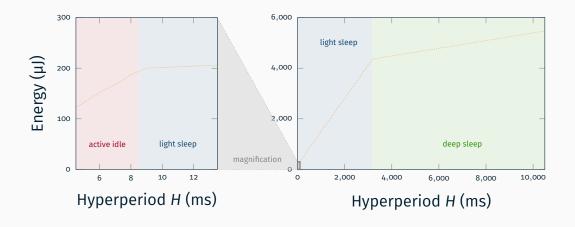
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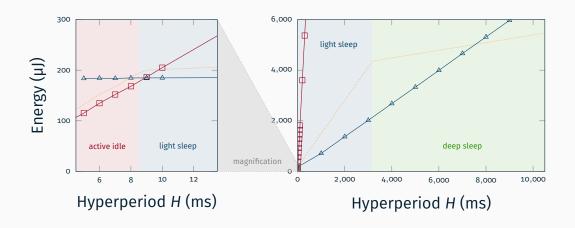
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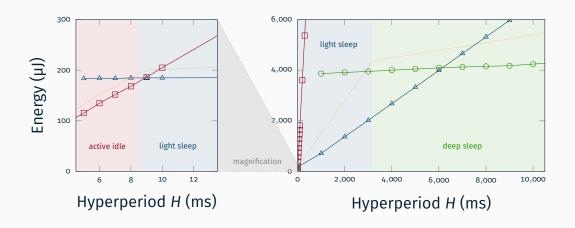
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- 5 CTCs: which one is used for the compute task?
- 3 idle options: when do the energy savings outweigh the reconfiguration penalties?
- how do actual measurements compare to the predicted energy consumptions?

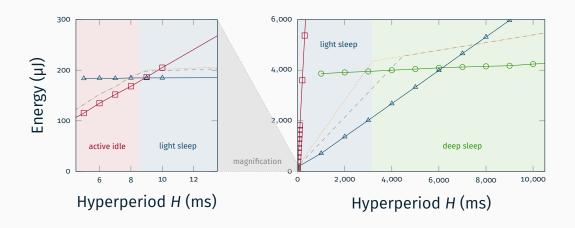




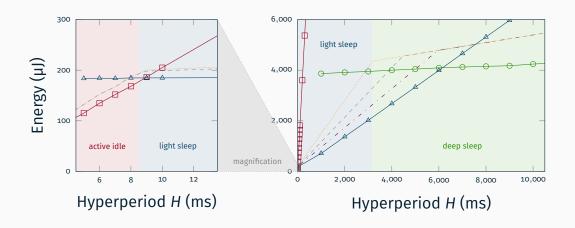




Evaluation: Break-Even Point Analysis



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Does FusionClock ...

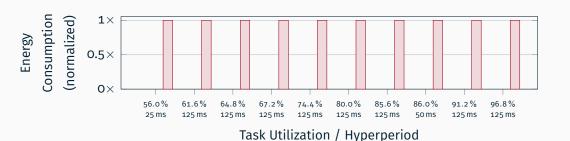
- ... determine a reliable upper bound?
- ... minimze energy consumption in comparison to device-unselective approaches?

Does FusionClock ...

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Evaluation with generated tasksets:

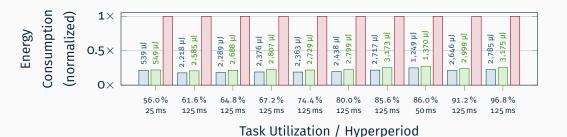
- simulate device usage: sense, compute, actuate
- 5 active modes
- 2 idle modes: light sleep, deep sleep
- 9 to 18 tasks



binary without clock-tree reconfigurations



predicted energy consumption binary without clock-tree reconfigurations



tailored application binary predicted energy consumption binary without clock-tree reconfigurations



tailored application binary predicted energy consumption binary without clock-tree reconfigurations

FUSIONCLOCK 20

Task Utilization / Hyperperiod

Problems solved by FusionClock

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 - √ resource consumption guarantees due to static approach
- 3. missing reconfiguration penalties
 - ✓ inclusion of clock-tree reconfiguration costs in optimization

Questions?

Source Code and Artifact Evaluation of FUSIONCLOCK

https://gitlab.cs.fau.de/fusionclock

E. Dengler, P. Raffeck, S. Schuster, and P. Wägemann.

FusionClock: WCEC-Optimal Clock-Tree

Reconfigurations (Artifact)

Reconfigurations (Artifact).

Dagstuhl Artifacts Series, 9(1):2:1-2:3, 2023.



